The First Peoples of New York by Daniel R. Faust and Amelie von Zumbusch

Craft and Structure	Craft and Structure
 Grade 4 RI.4.4: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area. RI.4.5: Describe the overall structure (e.g., chrondogy, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of event, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text. 	 RI. 7.4: Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary specific to domains related to history/social studies. RI. 7.5: Describe howa text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally). RI. 7.6: Identify aspects of a text that reveal an author's and for the formation (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally).
 Grade 5 RI.5.4: Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. 	point of viewor purpose (e.g., loaded language, inclusion or avoidance of particular facts).
 RI.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chrondogy, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. 	
 RI.5.6 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. 	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Grade 4 r a d e • RI.4.7: Interpret information presented visually orally or quantitatively and explain howinformation contributes to an	4

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Thinking Target – NYS SS Framework	NYS Relevant Social Studies Practices
Cause and effect of events in history long-term and immediate relationship of geography, economics, and history.	Cause and effect of events in history long-term and immediate relationship of geography, economics, and history.
 Recognize, use, and analyze different forms of evidence to support a daim. 	 Recognize, use, and analyze different forms of evidence to support a daim.
Identify multiple perspectives from a historical event.	 Identify multiple perspectives from a historical event.
 Identify chronological significance of dates presented in timelines. 	 Identify chronological significance of dates presented in timelines.
 Explain howeconomic decisions impact the well-being of individuals and society. 	 Explain howeconomic decisions impact the well-being of individuals and society.

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New York Social Studies Frameworks 4 and 5	New York Social Studies Frameworks 7
4.2 NATIVE AMERICAN GROUPS AND THE ENMRONMENT: Native American groups, chief y the Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) and Algonquian-speaking groups, inhabited the region that became NewYork. Native American Indians interacted with the	7.1 NATIVE AMERICANS: The physical environment and natural resources of North America influenced the development of the first human settlements and the culture of Native Americans. Native American societies varied across North America.
environment and developed unique cultures. 4.2a Geographic factors often influenced locations of early settlements. People made use of the resources and the lands around them to meet their basic needs of food, dothing, and shelter.	7.1a Geography and climate influenced the migration and cultural development of Native Americans. Native Americans in North America settled into different regions and developed distinct cultures.
 Students will examine the locations of early Native American groups in relation to geographic features, noting howcertain physical features are more likely to support settlement and larger populations. 	 7.1a Geography and climate influenced the migration and cultural development of Native Americans. Native Americans in North America settled into different regions and developed distinct cultures. Students will examine theories of human settlement of the
 Students will investigate how/Native Americans such as the Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) and the Algonquian-speaking peoples adapted to and modified their environment to meet their needs and wants. 	 Students will examine theories of Human section and other Americas. Students will compare and contrast different Native American culture groups with a focus on the influence geographic factors had on their development.
 4.2b Native American groups developed specific patterns of organization and governance to manage their societies. Students will compare and contrast the patterns of organization and governance of Native American groups such as the Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) and Lenape, including matrilineal clan structure, decision-making processes, and record keeping with a focus on local Native American groups. 	 Students will examine the various Native American culture groups located within what became New York State including Haudenosaunee (Iroqucis), and the influence geographic factors had on their development. 7.3b Students will investigate the Albany Congress and the Albany Plan of Union as a plan for colonial unif cation, and the influence of Haudenosaunee ideas in their development.
 4.2c Each Native American group developed a unique way of life with a shared set of customs, beliefs, and values. 4.3 Students will examine the alliances between Native Americans and the English and between Native Americans and the French. 	7.3d The outcome of the American Revolution was influenced by military strategies, geographic considerations, the involvement of the Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) and other Native American groups in the war, and aid from other nations. The Treaty of Paris (1789) established the terms of peace.

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5.1 EARLY PEOPLES OF THE AMERICAS: The first humans in the Western Hemisphere modified their physical environment as well as adapted to their environment. Their interactions with their environment led to various innovations and to the development of unique cultures.

5 1c Early peoples living together in settlements developed shared cultures with customs, beliefs, values, and languages that give identity to the group. These early peoples also developed patterns of organization and governance to manage their society.

5.3 EUROPEAN EXPLORATION AND ITS EFFECTS: Various European powers explored and eventually colonized the Western Hemisphere. This had a profound impact on Native Americans and led to the transatlantic slave trade.

5.3b Europeans encountered and interact